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· 临床医学图像 ·

脊索瘤样型脑膜瘤

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Chordoid meningioma

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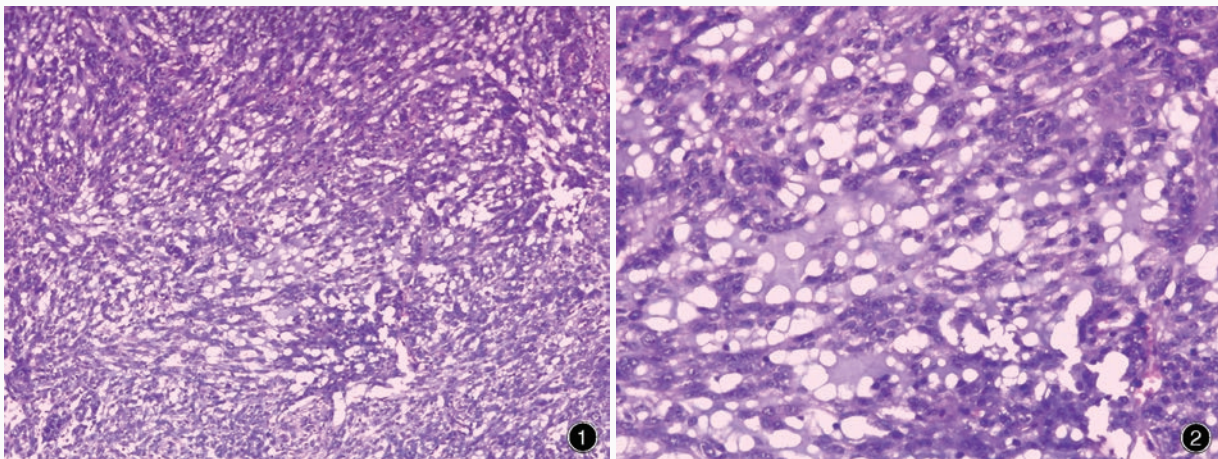


图1 光学显微镜观察显示,脊索瘤样型脑膜瘤细胞嗜伊红,富于黏液基质 HE 染色 低倍放大 图2 光学显微镜观察显示,上皮样细胞呈索状排列,可见透明空泡变性 HE 染色 低倍放大

Figure 1 Optical microscopy revealed chordoid meningioma with eosinophilic tumor cells in a mucous-rich matrix. HE staining low power magnified Figure 2 Optical microscopy revealed small epithelioid cells arranged in funiform with clear vacuoles. HE staining low power magnified

脊索瘤样型脑膜瘤是组织学形态类似脊索瘤的一种脑膜瘤亚型,大多数病例在影像学上呈现幕上难切除的大型占位性病。组织病理学观察肿瘤呈不典型分叶状,嗜碱性黏液背景,梭形上皮样细胞排列呈索状或带状(图1),泡沫细胞或空泡细胞的存在使其组织学表现类似脊索瘤(图2);脊索瘤样区域与典型的脑膜瘤区域相混杂,鲜见组织学完全单一的细胞形态,可伴片状慢性炎性细胞浸润。脊索瘤样型脑膜瘤一般采用手术次全切除,但术后易复发,其组织病理学分类为WHO II级。

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